## Living Things and Their Habitats

Key Vocabulary		Vertebrate or Invertebrate?			
organism	<b>'Organism'</b> is another way to refer to a living thing.	Animals can be grouped into one of two main groups: vertebrates and invertebrates. Vertebrate animals have a spine (also known as a backbone). The spine helps to hold the body upright, protects the spinal column and allows the body to move. Invertebrates do not have a spine. Vertebrates can be sorted into five main groups with their own characteristics.			
habitat	A <b>habitat</b> is the specific area or place in which particular animals or plants may live.				
environment	The <b>environment</b> is the natural world, either as a whole or in a particular area.				
species	A <b>species</b> is a group of living things that share enough similarities to be able to breed and produce young capable of breeding.	Mammals	Birds		Reptiles
		warm-blooded	warm-blooded		cold-blooded
endangered species	An <b>endangered species</b> is a <b>species</b> that is at risk of extinction.	give birth to live young produce milk		s	lay eggs have scales
extinct	<b>'Extinct</b> ' means that a species has no more members alive.	have hair or fur	and a beal		
classification	<b>Classification</b> is the process of grouping living things according to their similarities.	Amphibians cold-blooded		Fish cold-blooded	
warm-blooded	<b>'Warm-blooded</b> ' refers to animals that are able to generate their own body heat.	lay spawn often undergo metamorphosis		have scales lay spawn live in water	F (es



visit twinkl.com



## Living Things and Their Habitats

Key Vocabulary		Invertebrates can be sorted into many different groups. Here are four of		
cold-blooded	<b>'Cold-blooded</b> ' refers to animals that are not able to generate their own body heat.	them. Arthropods Molluscs		
vertebrate	A <b>vertebrate</b> is an animal that has a spine.	have an exoskeleton have jointed legs	have a soft body with a head and a foot region often have a shell	
invertebrate	An <b>invertebrate</b> is an animal that does not have a spine.	include insects, arachnids, crustaceans, myriapods		
characteristic	A <b>characteristic</b> is a particular feature or quality that is specific to an individual or <b>species</b> .			
metamorphosis	Metamorphosis is the process by which certain animals completely change their appearance and body structure.	Annelids	Echinoderms	
Habitats		have no legs have segmented bodies	have spiny or lumpy skin live in the ocean	
Plants and animals rely on their <b>habitats</b> to give them the conditions they need to live. <b>Habitats</b> can change, both naturally and due to human actions. These actions can have positive and negative effects on the animals that live there. Changes can make it easier or harder for living things to survive in the <b>habitat</b> . <b>Organisms</b> can become <b>endangered</b> or even be made <b>extinct</b> due to changes in their <b>habitats</b> .				





twink